



SWPPP Cut Sheet

Last Updated: 7-1-07

Section 1: Erosion and Sediment Control - Construction Activities

1.1 Filtrex SiltSox™ Sediment & Perimeter Control Technology

PURPOSE & DESCRIPTION

Filtrex SiltSox™ are a three-dimensional tubular sediment control and storm water runoff filtration device typically used for perimeter control of sediment and other soluble pollutants (such as phosphorus and petroleum hydrocarbons), on and around construction activities.

APPLICATION

- Filtrex SiltSox™ are to be installed down slope of any disturbed area requiring erosion and sediment control and filtration of soluble pollutants from runoff.
- SiltSox™ are effective when installed perpendicular to sheet or low concentrated flow. Acceptable applications include:
 - Site perimeters
 - Above and below disturbed areas subject to sheet runoff, intermittent and till erosion
 - Above and below exposed and erodible slopes
 - Around area drains or inlets located in a "sheet"
 - On compacted soils where trenching of silt fence is difficult or impossible
 - Around sensitive trees where trenching of silt fence is not beneficial for tree survival or may unnecessarily disturb established vegetation.
 - On frozen ground where trenching of silt fence is impossible.
 - On paved surfaces where trenching of silt fence is impossible.

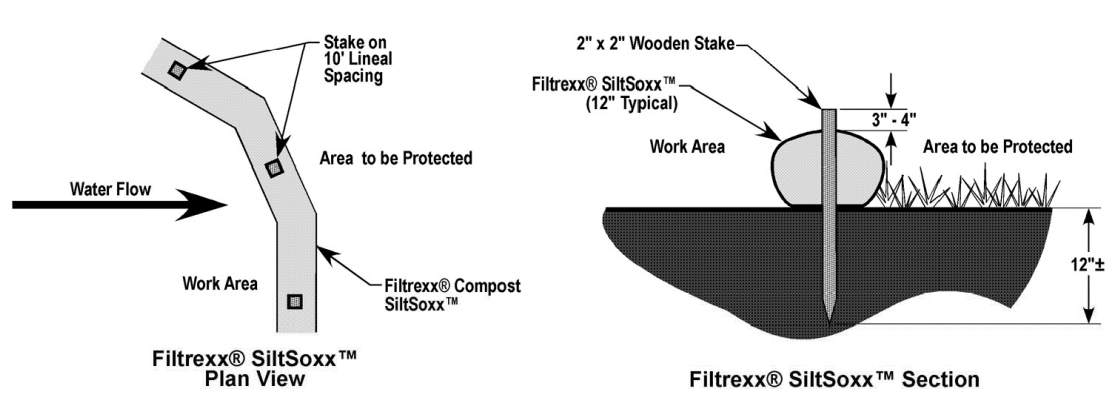
INSTALLATION

- SiltSox™ used for perimeter control of sediment and soluble pollutants in storm runoff shall meet Filtrex SiltSox™ Material Specifications and use Certified Filtrex FilterMedia™.
- Contractor is required to be Filtrex Certified™ as determined by Filtrex International, LLC (440-926-2607 or visit website at www.filtrex.com). Certification shall be considered current if appropriate identification is shown during time of bid or at time of application (current listing can be found at www.filtrex.com). Look for the Filtrex Certified™ Seal.
- SiltSox™ will be placed at locations indicated on plans as directed by the Engineer.
- SiltSox™ should be installed parallel to the base of the slope or other disturbed area. In extreme conditions (i.e., 2:1 slopes), a second SiltSox™ shall be constructed at the top of the slope.
- Stakes shall be installed through the middle of the SiltSox™ on 16' (3m) centers, using 2 in (50mm) by 2 in (50mm) by 2 in (50mm) wooden stakes. In the event staking is not possible, i.e., when SiltSox™ are used on pavement, heavy concrete blocks shall be used behind the SiltSox™ to help stabilize during rainfall/runoff events.
- Staking depth for sand and silt loam soils shall be 12 in (300mm), and 8 in (200mm) for clay soils.
- Loose compost may be backfilled along the upslope side of the SiltSox™, filling the seam between the soil surface and the device, improving filtration and sediment retention.
- If the SiltSox™ is to be left as a permanent filter or part of the natural landscape, it may be seeded at time of installation for establishment of permanent vegetation. The Engineer will specify seed requirements.
- Filtrex SiltSox™ are not to be used in perennial, ephemeral, or intermittent streams. See design drawing schematic for correct Filtrex SiltSox™ installation (Figure 1.1).

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

- Review inspection should be conducted within 24 hrs of a runoff event or as designated by the regulating authority. SiltSox™ should be regularly inspected to make sure they maintain their shape and are producing adequate hydraulic flow-through. If ponding becomes excessive, additional SiltSox™ may be required to reduce effective slope length or sediment removal may be necessary. SiltSox™ shall be inspected until area above has been permanently stabilized and construction activity has ceased.
- The Contractor shall maintain the SiltSox™ in a functional condition at all times and it shall be routinely inspected.
 - If the SiltSox™ has been damaged, it shall be repaired, or replaced if beyond repair.
 - The Contractor shall remove sediment at the base of the upslope side of the SiltSox™ when accumulation has reached 1/2 of the effective height of the SiltSox™, or as directed by the Engineer. Alternatively, a new SiltSox™ can be placed on top of and slightly behind the original one creating more sediment storage capacity without soil disturbance.
 - SiltSox™ shall be maintained until disturbed area above the device has been permanently stabilized and construction activity has ceased.
 - The FilterMedia™ will be dispersed on site once disturbed area has been permanently stabilized, construction activity has ceased, or as determined by the Engineer.
 - For long-term sediment and pollution control applications, SiltSox™ can be seeded at the time of installation to create a vegetative filtering system for prolonged and increased filtration of sediment and soluble pollutants (contained vegetative filter strip). The appropriate seed mix shall be determined by the Engineer.

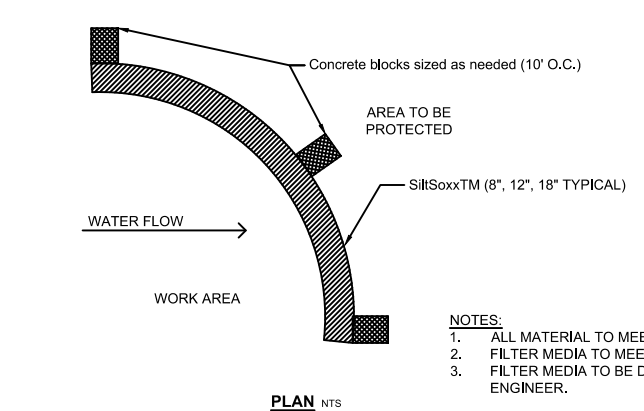
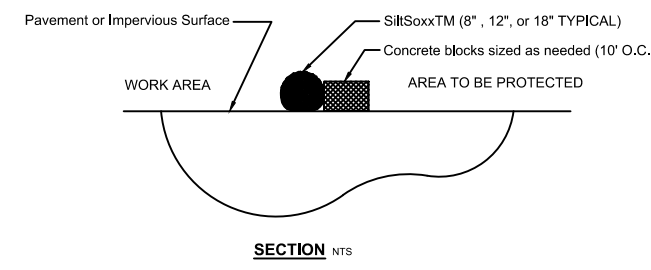
Filtrex SiltSox™ Details



- Notes:
- All material to meet Filtrex™ specifications.
 - SiltSox™ composite/polyester-filled fill to meet application requirements.
 - SiltSox™ designed for minimum slopes. Greater slopes may require larger socks per the Engineer.
 - Compost material to be dispersed on site, as determined by Engineer.

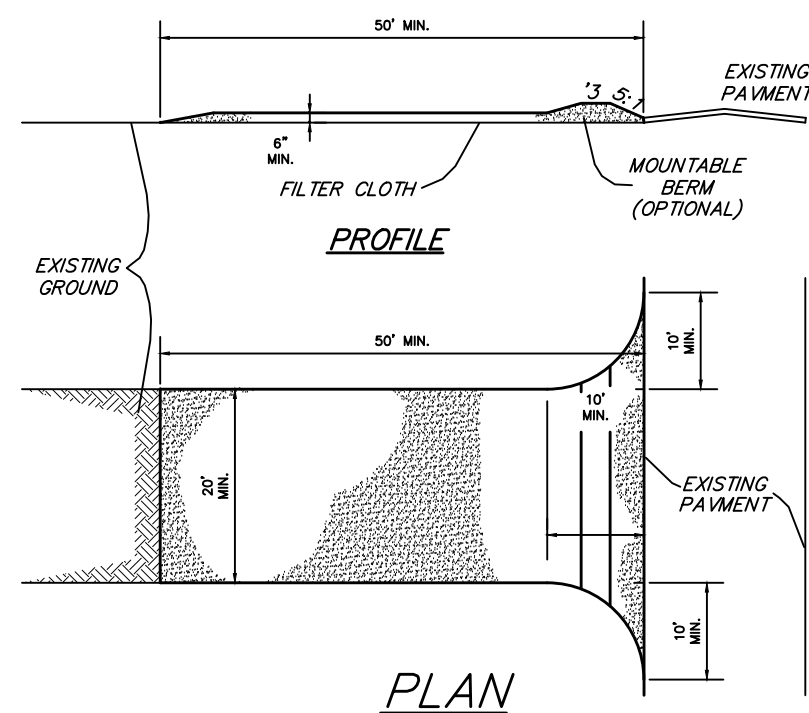
Slope Percent	Maximum Slope Length Above SiltSox™ in Feet (meters)*				
	8 in (200 mm) SiltSox™	12 in (300 mm) SiltSox™	18 in (450 mm) SiltSox™	24 in (600mm) SiltSox™	32 in (800mm) SiltSox™
2 (or less)	600 (180)	750 (225)	1000 (300)	1300 (400)	1650 (500)
5	400 (120)	500 (150)	550 (165)	650 (200)	750 (225)
10	200 (60)	250 (75)	300 (90)	400 (120)	500 (150)
15	140 (40)	170 (50)	200 (60)	325 (100)	450 (140)
20	100 (30)	125 (38)	140 (42)	260 (80)	400 (120)
25	80 (24)	100 (30)	110 (33)	200 (60)	275 (85)
30	60 (18)	75 (23)	90 (27)	130 (40)	200 (60)
35	60 (18)	75 (23)	80 (24)	115 (35)	150 (45)
40	60 (18)	75 (23)	80 (24)	100 (30)	125 (38)
45	40 (12)	50 (15)	60 (18)	80 (24)	100 (30)
50	40 (12)	50 (15)	55 (17)	65 (20)	75 (23)

*Based on a failure point of 36 in (0.9 m) super silt fence (wire reinforced) at 1000 ft (303 m) of slope, watershed width equivalent to receiving length of sediment control device, 1 in (24 hr (25 mm/24 hr) rain event. **Effective height of SiltSox™ after installation and with constant head from runoff as determined by Ohio State University.



SiltSox™TM for Sediment Control on Pavement

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE



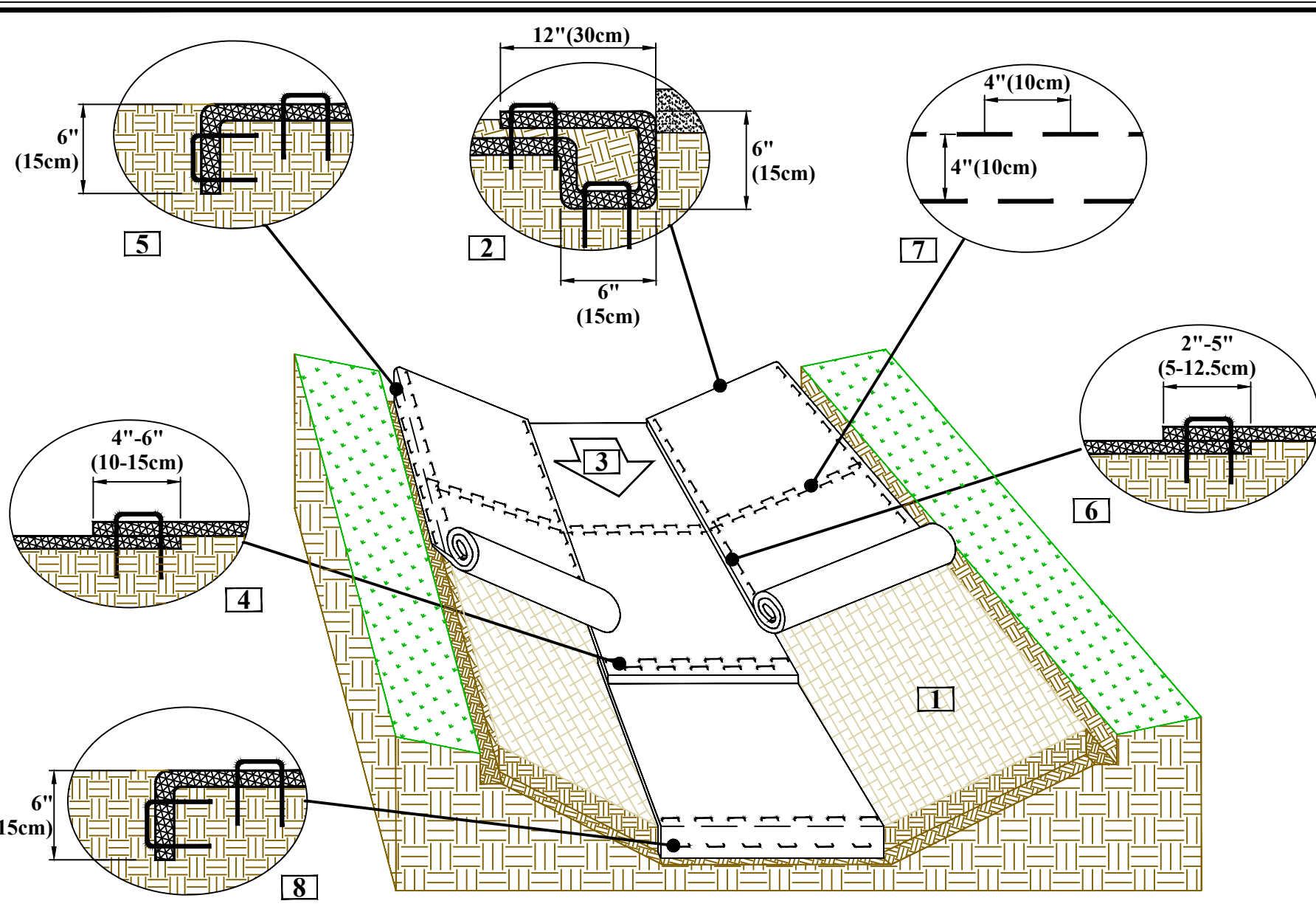
- CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS
- Stone Size - Use 2" stone, or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent.
 - Length - As required, but not less than 50 feet (except on a single residence lot where a 30 foot minimum length would apply).
 - Thickness - Not less than six (6) inches.
 - Width - Twenty (20) foot minimum, but not less than the full width at points where ingress or egress occurs.
 - Filter Cloth - Will be placed over the entire area prior to placing of stone. Filter will not be required on a single family residence lot.
 - Surface Water - All surface water flowing or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped across the entrance. If piping is impractical, a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes will be permitted.
 - Maintenance - The entrance shall be maintained in a condition which will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto public rights-of-way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment. All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public rights-of-way must be removed immediately.
 - Washing - Wheels shall be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance onto public rights-of-way. When washing is required, it shall be done on an area stabilized with stone and which drains into an approved sediment trapping device.
 - Periodic inspection and needed maintenance shall be provided after each rain.



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www.nrgreen.com

Material and Performance Specification S75 Erosion Control Blanket

Description	Index Property	Test Method	Typical
The short-term single net erosion control blanket shall be a machine-produced mat of 100% agricultural straw with a functional longevity of up to 12 months. (NOTE: functional longevity may vary depending upon climatic conditions, soil, geographical location, and elevation). The blanket shall be of consistent thickness with the straw evenly distributed over the entire area of the mat. The blanket shall be covered on the top bottom with a lightweight polypropylene netting having an approximate 0.50 x 0.50 (1.27 x 1.27 cm) mesh. The blanket shall be sewn together on 1.50 inch (3.81 cm) centers with a colored thread stitched along both outer edges (approximately 2.5 inches (5-12.5 cm) from the edge) as an overlap guide for adjacent mats.	Thickness	ASTM D6525	0.37 in (9.4 mm)
	Water Absorbency	ASTM D1117	426%
	Mass/Unit Area	ASTM 6475	11.97 oz/yd ² (407 g/m ²)
	Swirl	ECTC Guidelines	15%
	Smolder Resistance	ECTC Guidelines	Yes
	Stiffness	ASTM D1388	6.31 oz-in
	Light Penetration	ECTC Guidelines	7.3%
	Tensile Strength - MD	ASTM D6818	130.8 lbs/ft (1.94 kN/m)
	Elongation - MD	ASTM D6818	24.4%
	Tensile Strength - TD	ASTM D6818	85.2 lbs/ft (1.26 kN/m)
Elongation - TD	ASTM D6818	26.8%	
Maximum Permissible Shear Stress			
Unvegetated Shear Stress	1.55 lbs/ft ² (74 Pa)		
Unvegetated Velocity	5.00 fts (1.52 m/s)		
Slope Design Data: C Factors			
Slope Length (L)	Slope Gradients (S)		
	≤ 3:1	3:1 - 2:1	≥ 2:1
≤ 20 ft (6 m)	0.029	NA	NA
20-50 ft	0.11	NA	NA
≥ 50 ft (15.2 m)	0.19	NA	NA
Roughness Coefficients- Unveg.			
Flow Depth	Manning's n		
≤ 0.50 ft (0.15 m)	0.055		
0.50 - 2.0 ft	0.055 - 0.021		
≥ 2.0 ft (0.6 m)	0.021		
Proud Participant of:			
Test Method Bench Scale Testing (NTPFP) Results			
ECTC 2 Rainfall	50 mm (2 in)/hr-30 min 100mm (4 in)/hr-30 min 150 mm (6 in)/hr-30 min	SLR** = 8.80 SLR** = 8.16 SLR** = 7.81	
ECTC 3 Shear	Shear at 0.50 inch soil loss	1.80 lbs/ft ²	
ECTC 4 Germination	Top Soil, Fescue, 21 day incubation	228% improvement of biomass	
* Bench Scale tests should not be used for design purposes ** Soil Loss Ratio = Soil Loss Bare Soil/Soil Loss with RECP			



- CRITICAL POINTS
- Overlaps and Seams
 - Projected Water Line
 - Channel Bottom/Side Slope Vertices

NOTES:
*Horizontal staple spacing should be altered if necessary to allow staples to secure the critical points along the channel surface.
**In loose soil conditions, the use of staple or stake lengths greater than 6\"/>

Drawing Not To Scale



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Disclaimer:

The information presented herein is general design information only. For specific applications, consult an independent professional for further design guidance.

Drawn on: 3-16-11

Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

A. PURPOSE:

The purpose of the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) is to inform the Developer/Contractor of the following objectives they are required to meet:

- Prevent erosion where construction activities shall occur.
- Prevent pollutants from mixing with storm water.
- Prevent pollutants from being discharged by trapping them on-site, before they can affect the receiving waters.
- All regulations of Missouri Department of Natural Resources are met.
- All regulations of the Environmental Protection Agency are met.
- All regulations of the local municipality are met.

B. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The project is located in the Belleau Creek watershed in St. Charles County, Missouri. This project disturbs approximately 1.60 acres. The project activities consist of the construction of a new building, parking lot and entrance. The site will be protected by the various erosion protection measures listed below:

- Siltation Control:** The entire perimeter of the project that allows storm water to exit will have silt siltation control installed. Details of these devices are depicted on the detail plans prepared by Box Engineering Company, Inc.
- Revegetation:** The site will consist of varying ground slopes, upon completion of the grading activities the slope prone to erosion will be seeded and strawed to stabilize the slope and prevent erosion.

Table 60-S Soil Stabilization Schedule

Soil Disturbance Activity or Condition	Required Stabilization Time
Soil disturbance has ceased in areas greater than 2,000 square feet.	14 days
After construction of dikes, swales, diversions, and other concentrated flow areas	5 days
When slopes are steeper than 3 horizontal to 1 vertical	7 days
When slopes are greater than 3% and longer than 150 feet.	14 days
Perimeter controls around soil stockpiles.	End of workday
Stabilization or covering of inactive stockpiles.	30 days
When land disturbance is completed, permanent soil stabilization must be installed.	30 days

C. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION:

Regular Maintenance: Weekly inspections of the project will include: (a) The repair of any sediment (silt) fence and/or staked straw bale barriers damaged or out of place; (b) The removal of any accumulated trash and/or debris; and (c) The remove of any externally deposited waste materials.

Periodic Inspections: Following each rain of more than 0.25 inch in 24 hours, the site will be inspected, and any necessary maintenance will be provided for a period of one year following the completion of the above remediation measures. Summaries of the maintenance and inspections will be maintained and shall be kept available from the owner. An inspection report shall be filed and kept on site for every inspection. The report shall detail the findings of the inspection and if any action was required. The inspection form needs to include, name of the site, name of the inspector, permit number, date of inspection, major observations and actions taken to correct problems and the signature of the inspector. The inspection reports need to be kept on file by the permittee for three years after the project is completed.

The field inspections will be conducted in a systematic manner to minimize the possibility of any significant feature being overlooked. A detailed checklist will be developed and followed for the examination. Particular attention will be given to detecting evidence of erosion, slope instability, undue settlement, displacement, and tilting. Photographs and drawings will be used freely to record conditions in order to minimize descriptions. The field inspection will include appropriate features and items, including potential hazards to human life or property.

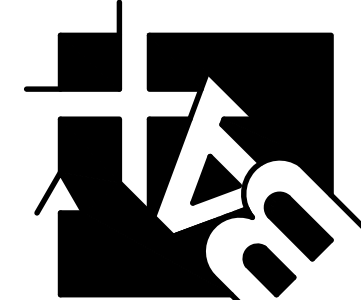
Measures will be taken to promote the growth of vegetation and repair of damage caused by erosion and sedimentation. The inspection will also provide recommendations for measures that need to be undertaken immediately, based on the experience and judgment of the inspector. Necessary follow up inspections will be made as necessary to verify that any maintenance, alteration, or repair measures are accomplished by methods acceptable by standard engineering practice.

SPILL AND SITE POLLUTION

Should an accidental spill occur refer to material safety data sheets. Any spills of hazardous materials in quantities in excess of reportable quantities as defined by EPA or the state agency regulations, shall be immediately reported to the EPA National Response Center (800-424-8802) and Missouri Department of Natural Resources (573-634-2436). Reportable spills for petroleum products is greater than 50 gallons. All other reportable hazardous materials and their quantities may be found on the website at http://www.dnr.mo.gov on the local number is 573-840-9750. Federal law requires the responsible party to report any release of oil if it reaches or threatens a sewer, lake, creek, stream, river, groundwater, wetlands, or area such as a road ditch that drains into the above. An emergency spill kit is required to be onsite for all potential spills.

PROJECT TITLE:
CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR
Mexico Road Animal Hospital
1190 Soderen Street
O'Fallon, MO 63376

ENGINEERING
PLANNING
SURVEYING
22 Point View, Blvd
St. Charles, MO 63301
636-928-5562
FAX 928-1718



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Larry D. Walker
Civil Engineer
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REVISIONS

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
01-06-22		CITY COMMENTS
01-06-22		FIRE DIST. COMMENTS
03-01-22		CITY COMMENTS

Developer / Owner:
Hoernig Veterinary Services L.L.C.
25 Smetana
Wentzville, MO 63385
(573) 513-1525

P+Z No. 21-004881
Approved: 07-01-21

City No. #

Page No.

ENGINEER SEAL DOES NOT APPLY TO FILTREX AND TENSAR DETAILS

SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DETAILS